



Security Event

A REAL TIME DISCUSSION



About Us

IT professionals working in the IT Managed Services Provider (MSP) space to deliver value to clients



Infamous Quote



There are two types of companies in this world: those that have been hacked and those that will be.

-SC Governor Nikki Haley
Discussing SC DOR breach of 3.8 million identities



POWER
LUNCH

GLOBAL RANSOMWARE ATTACK
1500 COMPANIES INVOLVED





CISA INSIGHTS

July 14, 2021

Mitigations and Hardening Guidance for MSPs and Small- and Mid-sized Businesses

The Threat and How to Think About It

Cyber threat actors, including state-sponsored advanced persistent threat (APT) actors, increasingly target managed service providers (MSPs). MSPs provide remote management of customer IT and end-user systems. A large number of small- and mid-sized businesses use MSPs to manage IT systems, store data, or support sensitive processes. MSPs typically enable customers to scale and support network environments at a lower cost than if the customer were to manage these resources themselves.

MSPs generally have direct access to their customers' networks and data, which makes them a valuable target for cyber actors. These actors can exploit trust relationships in MSP networks and gain access to a large number of the victim MSP's customers. Compromises of MSPs can have globally cascading effects and introduce significant risk—such as [ransomware](#) and [cyber espionage](#)—to their customers.

Mitigations and Hardening Guidance for MSPs

The Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) recommends the following mitigations and hardening guidance:

- Apply the [principle of least privilege](#) to customer environments.
- Ensure that log information is preserved, aggregated, and correlated to maximize detection capabilities.
- Implement [robust network- and host-based monitoring solutions](#).
- Work with customers to ensure hosted infrastructure is monitored and maintained.
- Manage customer data backups.
 - Prioritize backups based on business value and operational needs, while adhering to any customer regulatory and legal data retention requirements.
 - Develop and test recovery plans, and use tabletop exercises and other evaluation tools and methods to identify opportunities for improvement. See CISA's [Cyber Resilience Review](#) resources for guidance on conducting a non-technical evaluation of your organization's operational resilience and cybersecurity practices.
 - Review data backup logs to check for failures and inconsistencies.

Mitigations and Hardening Guidance for Small- and Mid-Sized Businesses

CISA recommends the following mitigations and hardening guidance:

- Manage supply chain risks.
 - Understand the supply chain risks associated with your MSP, such as network security expectations.
 - Manage risk across your security, legal, and procurement groups.
 - Use risk assessments to identify and prioritize allocation of resources and cyber investment.
- Implement strong operational controls.
 - Create a baseline for system and network behavior to detect future anomalies; continuously monitor network devices' security information and event management appliance alerts.
 - Regularly update software and operating systems.
 - Integrate system log files—and network monitoring data from MSP infrastructure and systems—into customer intrusion detection and security monitoring systems for independent correlation, aggregation, and detection.

CISA | DEFEND TODAY, SECURE TOMORROW | 1

DEFEND TODAY,
SECURE TOMORROW

Mitigations and Hardening Guidance for MSPs and
Small- and Mid-sized Businesses

- Employ a backup solution that automatically and continuously backs up critical data and system configurations. Store backups in an easily retrievable location that is air-gapped from the organizational network.
- Require multi-factor authentication (MFA) for accessing your systems whenever possible.
- Manage architecture risks.
 - Review and verify all connections between customer systems, service provider systems, and other client enclaves.
 - Use a dedicated virtual private network (VPN), to connect to MSP infrastructure; all network traffic from the MSP should only traverse this dedicated secure connection.
- Manage authentication, authorization, and accounting procedure risks.
 - Adhere to best practices for password and permission management.
 - Ensure MSP accounts are not assigned to administrator groups and restrict those accounts to only systems they manage. Grant access and admin permissions based on need-to-know and least privilege.
 - Verify service provider accounts are being used for appropriate purposes and are disabled when not actively being used.
- Review contractual relationships with all service providers. Ensure contracts include:
 - Security controls the customer deems appropriate;
 - Appropriate monitoring and logging of provider-managed customer systems;
 - Appropriate monitoring of the service provider's presence, activities, and connections to the customer network; and
 - Notification of confirmed or suspected security events and incidents occurring on the provider's infrastructure and administrative networks.
- Implement CISA's [Cyber Essentials](#) to reduce your organization's cyber risks.

Resources

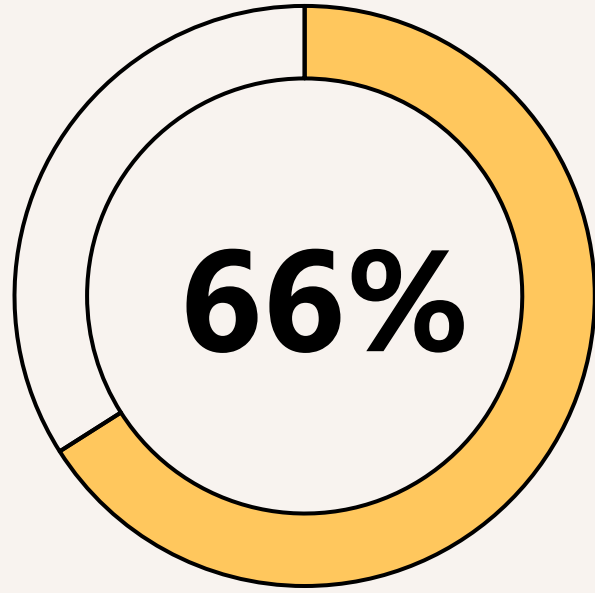
- For technical resources with more detailed information on hardening MSP and customer infrastructure in response to general and specific cyber threats, refer to:
 - CISA webpage: [Kaseya Ransomware Attack: Guidance for Affected MSPs and their Customers](#)
 - CISA webpage: [APTs Targeting IT Service Provider Customers](#)
 - CISA Technical Alert: [TA17-117A: Intrusions Affecting Multiple Victims Across Multiple Sectors](#)
 - CISA Technical Alert: [TA18-276A: Using Rigorous Credential Control to Mitigate Trusted Network Exploitation](#)
 - CISA Technical Alert: [TA18-276B: Advanced Persistent Threat Activity Exploiting Managed Service Providers](#)
 - National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE): [Improving Cybersecurity of Managed Service Providers](#)
 - Australian Cyber Security Centre: [Managed Service Providers: How to manage risk to customer networks](#)
 - Canadian Centre for Cyber Security Alert: [Malicious Cyber Activity Targeting Managed Service Providers](#)
- CISA's [Cyber Essentials](#) is a guide for leaders of small businesses as well as leaders of small and local government agencies to develop an actionable understanding of where to start implementing organizational cybersecurity practices.
- For general incident response guidance, see [Joint Cybersecurity Advisory AA20-245A: Technical Approaches to Uncovering and Remediating Malicious Activity](#).
- CISA offers a range of no-cost [cyber hygiene services](#) to help organizations assess, identify, and reduce their exposure to threats. By requesting these services, organizations of any size could find ways to reduce their risk and mitigate attack vectors.

CISA's Role as the Nation's Risk Advisor

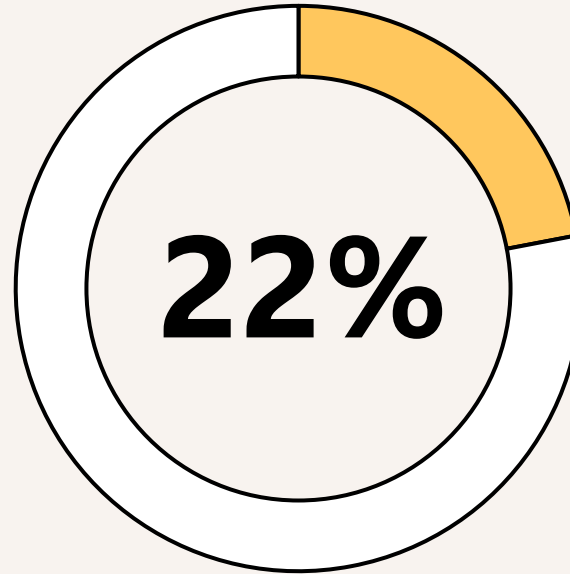
CISA collaborates with industry and government partners to help organizations understand and counter critical infrastructure and cybersecurity risks associated with the malicious activities of nation-state and non-state actors. CISA provides recommendations to help partners stay vigilant and protected against potential foreign influence operations.

CISA | DEFEND TODAY, SECURE TOMORROW | 2

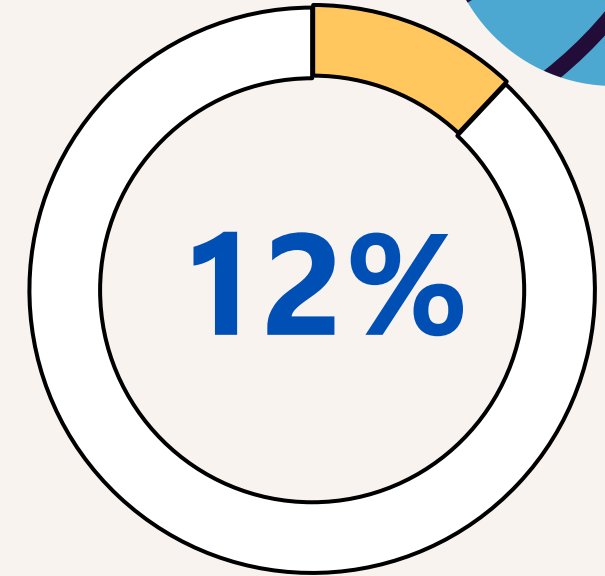
Ransomware in Government



Hit by
ransomware in
the last year



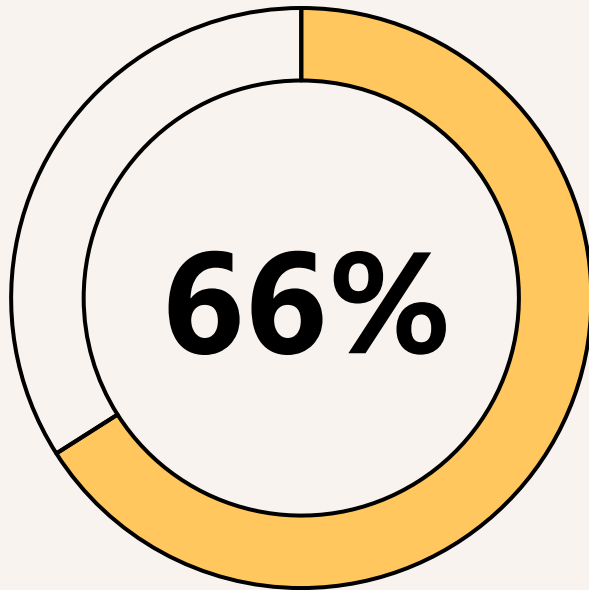
Not hit by
ransomware in
the last year, but
expect to be hit
in the future



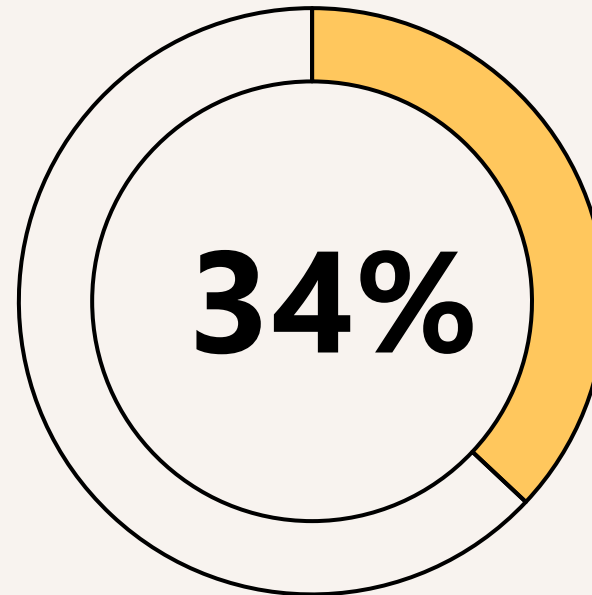
Not hit by
ransomware in
the last year, and
don't expect to
be hit in the
future



Ransomware in Government



2021



2020



01

HillSouth Event

A timeline of events

**Saturday,
April 9, 2022**

Opsgenie

Closed: Incoming call from +18436172468 for F...

4/9/2022

Description:

Opsgenie

Opsgenie Alert: Incoming call from +184361724...

4/9/2022

Description:

Opsgenie

Opsgenie Alert: Incoming call from +184361724...

4/9/2022

Description:

Opsgenie

Opsgenie Alert: Incoming call from +180351792...

4/9/2022

Description:

What Happened?

Important files on your network was ENCRYPTED and now they have "4daaffb" extension.
In order to recover your files you need to follow instructions below.

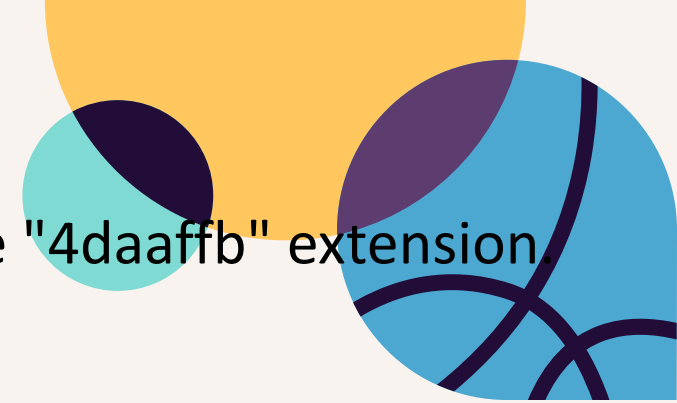
>> Sensitive Data

Sensitive data on your network was DOWNLOADED.

If you DON'T WANT your sensitive data to be PUBLISHED you have to act quickly.

Data includes:

- Employees personal data, CVs, DL, SSN.
- Complete network map including credentials for local and remote services.
- Private financial information including: clients data, bills, budgets, annual reports, bank statements.
- Manufacturing documents including: datagrams, schemas, drawings in solidworks format
- And more...





Samples are available on your personal web page linked below.

>> CAUTION

DO NOT MODIFY ENCRYPTED FILES YOURSELF.

DO NOT USE THIRD PARTY SOFTWARE TO RESTORE YOUR DATA.

YOU MAY DAMAGE YOUR FILES, IT WILL RESULT IN PERMANENT DATA LOSS.

>> What should I do next?

1) Download and install Tor Browser from: <https://torproject.org/>

Weekend Priorities

Restoration

Repair as remotely as possible

Restore servers from backups



Secure Systems

Stay ahead of the hackers

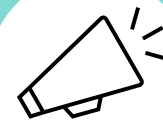
Remove ransomware software

Determine what other tools have been deployed



Communications

Contact customers proactively & reactively respond



Scripting against our attackers

ScreenConnect Client (2d26cc88d1fa81eb)

ScreenConnect Client (461c93936157c3a2)

ScreenConnect Client (3d9ea22063498b54)

ScreenConnect Client (461c93936157c3a2)

ScreenConnect Client (2d26cc88d1fa81eb)

ScreenConnect Client (461c93936157c3a2)

ScreenConnect Client (3d9ea22063498b54)

ScreenConnect Client (3302dd200fcf6a0e)

ScreenConnect Client (6ef3ee57ab8b50a6)

ScreenConnect Client (14131755237f3ae1)

ScreenConnect Client (1dce768ee06e8f0d)

ScreenConnect Client (adf02e34cba839d2)

tsd-setup.exe

Sunday, April 11, 2022

Vectors

- Scripts

Restoration

Report to IC3

Initial Vendor Response

Quick Stats

1700

Workstations
connected and
managed

180 servers

75%

Inside HillSouth's
datacenter

 Administrator Command Prompt

C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder>hillsouth

C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder>hillsou

C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder>hillsou

C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder>hillsou

C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder>hillsou

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C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder\hillsou

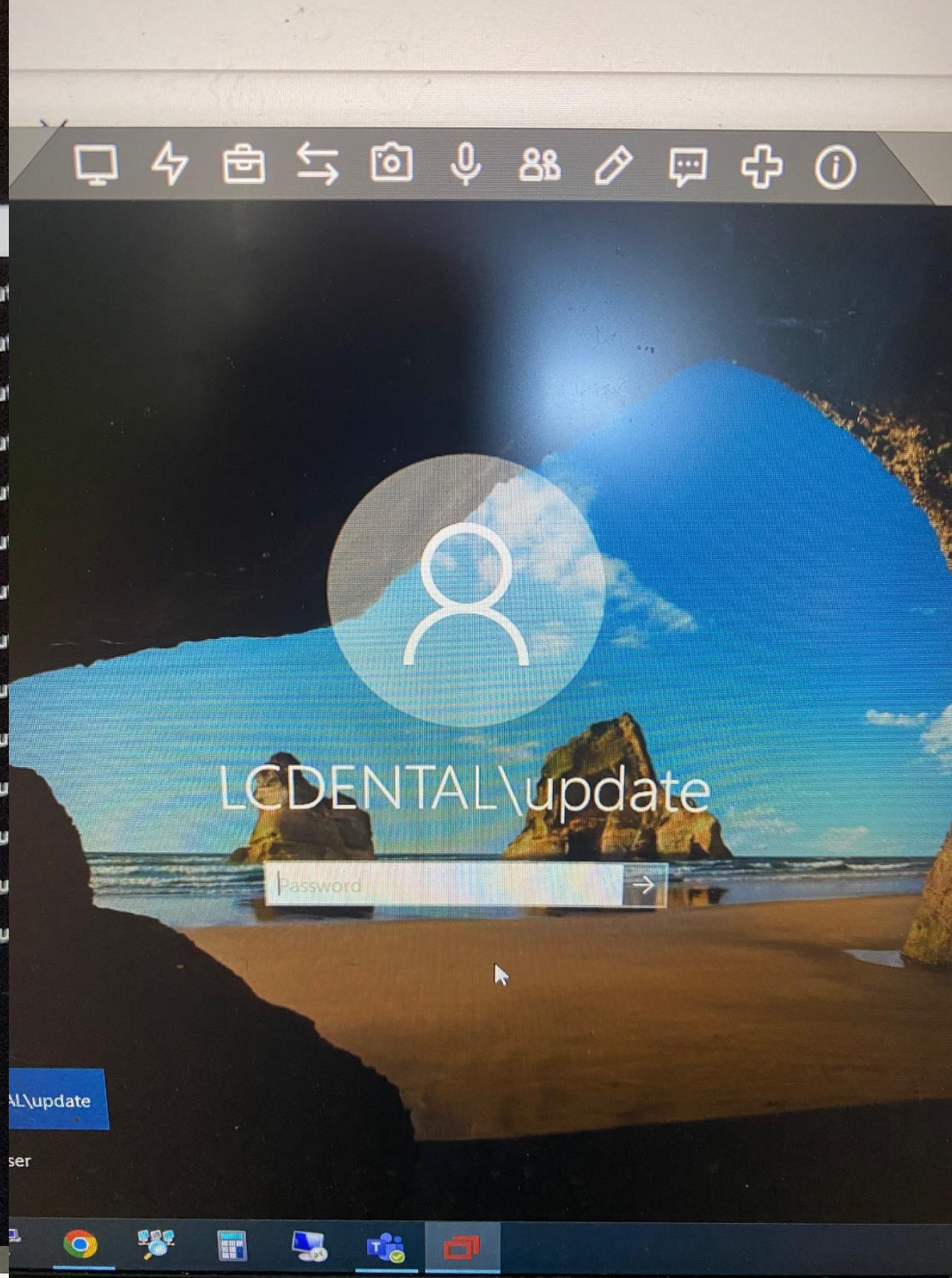
C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder\hillsou

C:\Users\billsouth\Downloads\New folder\billsou

C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder\hillsou

C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder\hillsou

C:\Users\hillsouth\Downloads\New folder\



configure itself for the new operating system.

OK

l0b291151fdef0f4e95547d8b8f

l0b291151fdef0f4e95547d8b8f

106-00445-451-6050-05547-10606

Date modified	Type	Size
4/9/2022 9:04 AM	File folder	

AL\update

ser

Tuesday, April 12, 2022



Michael Coker 10:46 AM

Guy from Black Cat just called asking for Robie but Eric said to send that to you. 7146581090

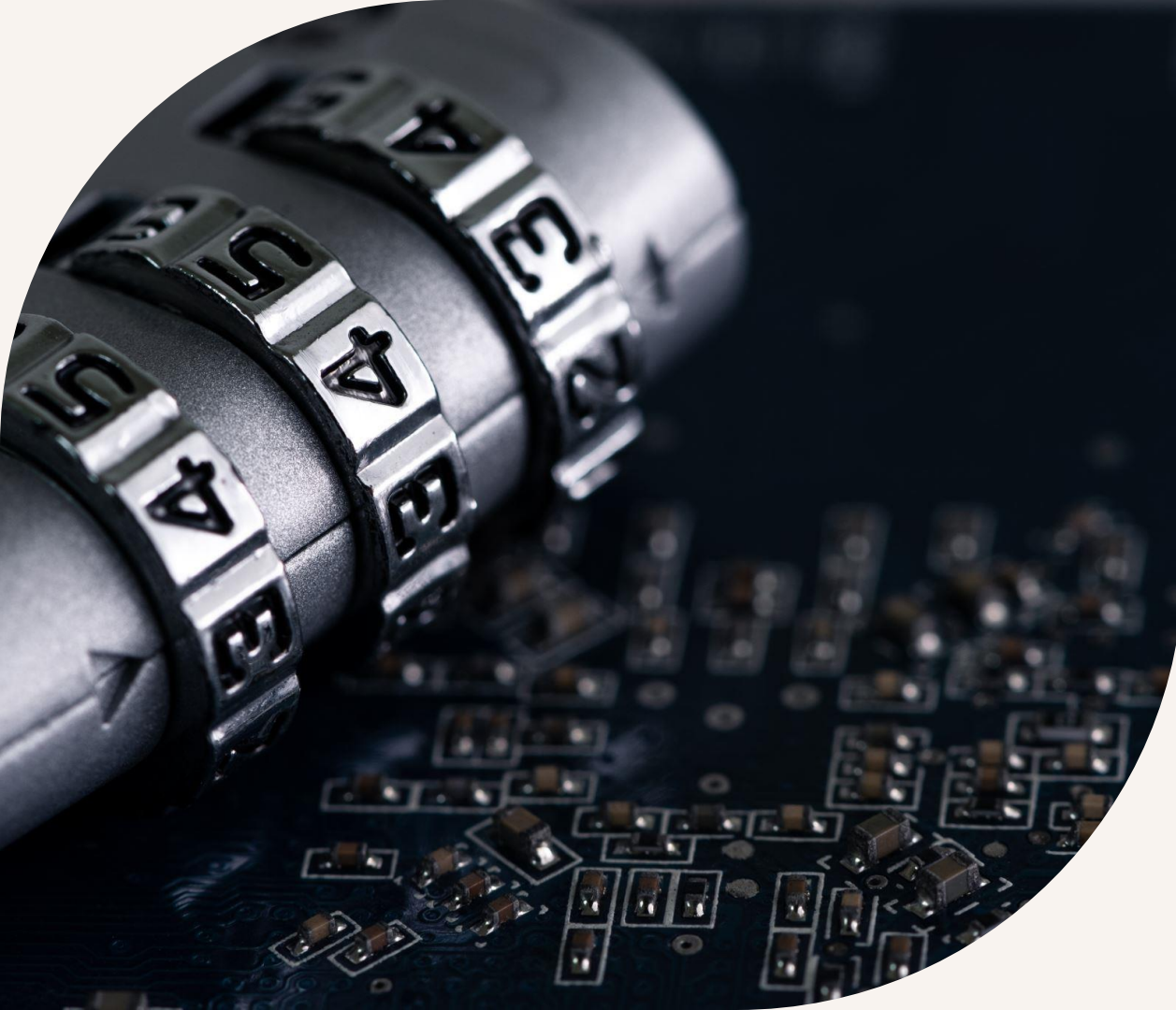
Friday, April 15, 2022



DDoS



Monday, April 18, 2022



**Client E-Mail
MFA**



02

Response to Event

Who, what, when

The Cyber Response Team

Mullen Coughlin

Cyber privacy attorneys
Project managers



Kroll

Cyber forensic auditors

CoveWare

Cyber ransom
negotiation experts

Law Enforcement

State & Federal interest
exists in all levels of
cybercrime



Decrypt App Price

You have **2 days, 15:42:57** until:

- **Decrypt App** special discount period will be discontinued.
- **Discount Price** is available until **4/19/22, 4:52 AM**

Discount Price: **\$3500000**

Full Price: **\$4125000**

You Give us at le

Support You have tin

Support But this is y

You We apprecia

You None of our clients are going to want to pay you. This is our problem to deal with, but we told yo
u this is the most we can do. A loan is not possible for us. More money is not possible for us.

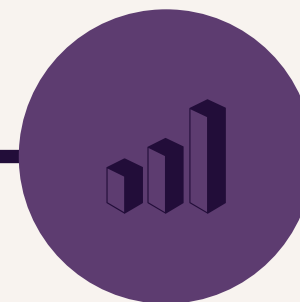
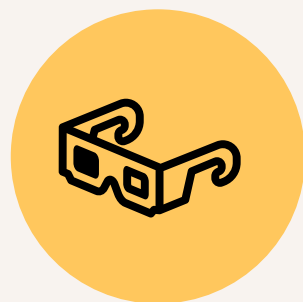
Support you can pay us 150,000\$ so that we do not touch your customers, your customers are tryin
g to contact us

Support Or pay in full

Support Or pay every month until you pay everything

Support Here are 3 solutions to the problem

26/04/2022, 10:33



Additional Eyes

We deployed Kroll's utilities across our enterprise & clients'

Alerts

We triaged alerts together looking for suspicious activity

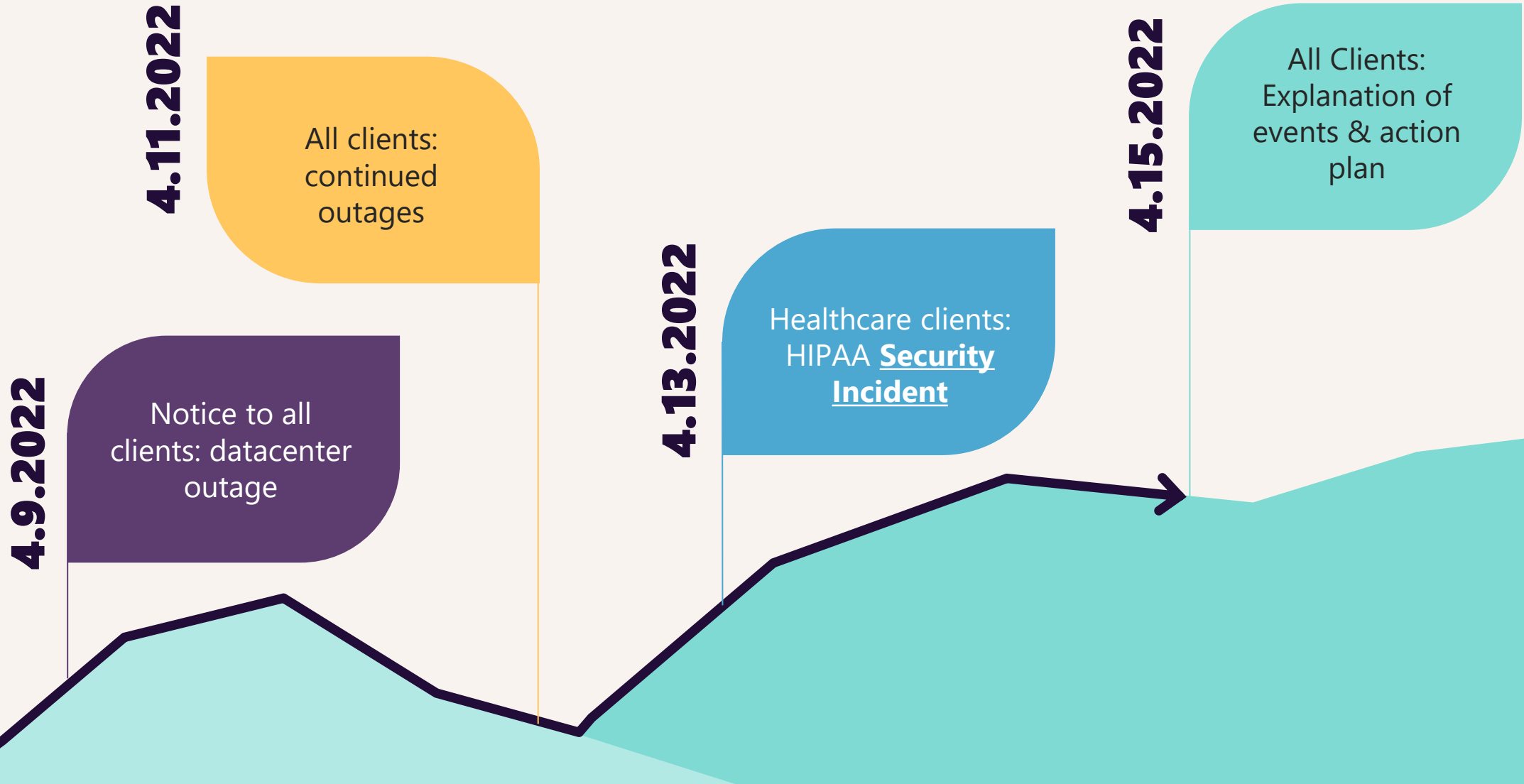
Intelligence

Massive amounts of data were transmitted

Analysis

Final report sent to our interested clients

Initial Timeline of Notifications



Cyber Crime & Law Enforcement



cisa.gov



5.20.2022



**CYBERSECURITY
& INFRASTRUCTURE
SECURITY AGENCY**



UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

(U//FOUO) Early March 2022, an APT revealed compromise of HillSouth IT Solutions-associated hostname “US_HSHQ_98.101.83.244_192.168.200.60” at IP address 98.101.83.244, through their C2 server at 54.39.78.148 (CA).

(U//FOUO) ***UPDATE*** Known APT cyber actors' C2 servers compromised Canadian IP address 54.39.78.148 as of early April 2022 and were observed communicating with devices associated with the following IP addresses and domains seen below:

98.101.83.244	view.hillsouth.com	Hillsouth (IT Company Florence, SC)
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HIPAA Considerations

July 11, 2016



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Office for Civil Rights

FACT SHEET: Ransomware and HIPAA

A recent U.S. Government interagency report indicates that, on average, there have been 4,000 daily ransomware attacks since early 2016 (a 300% increase over the 1,000 daily ransomware attacks reported in 2015).¹ Ransomware exploits human and technical weaknesses to gain access to an organization's technical infrastructure in order to deny the organization access to its own data by encrypting that data. However, there are measures known to be effective to prevent the introduction of ransomware and to recover from a ransomware attack. This document describes ransomware attack prevention and recovery from a healthcare sector perspective, including the role the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) has in assisting HIPAA covered entities and business associates to prevent and recover from ransomware attacks, and how HIPAA breach notification processes should be managed in response to a ransomware attack.

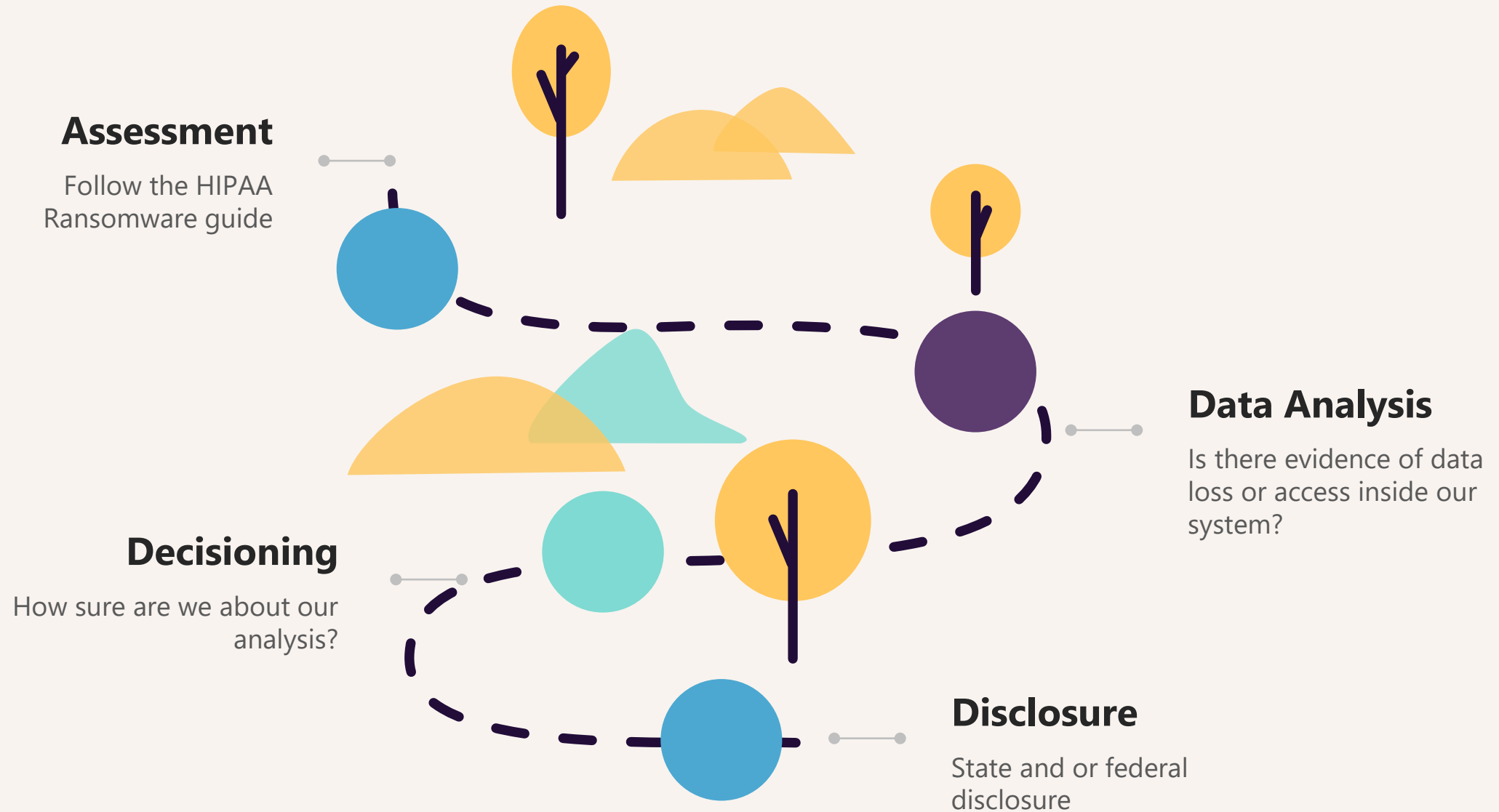
1. What is ransomware?

Ransomware is a type of malware (malicious software) distinct from other malware; its defining characteristic is that it attempts to deny access to a user's data, usually by encrypting the data with a key known only to the hacker who deployed the malware, until a ransom is paid. After the user's data is encrypted, the ransomware directs the user to pay the ransom to the hacker (usually in a cryptocurrency, such as Bitcoin) in order to receive a decryption key. However, hackers may deploy ransomware that also destroys or exfiltrates² data, or ransomware in conjunction with other malware that does so.

Incident: ... an attempt (successful or not) to gain access to ... data

Breach: a loss of data

Disclosure Roadmap



South Carolina Breach Notice



S.C. Code § 39-1-90

- Employee records
- Financial records
- Anything identifiable that is bankable



03

Lessons Applied

HillSouth's Changes

MFA – clients & vendors



Overhaul Endpoint Security



Reset all passwords



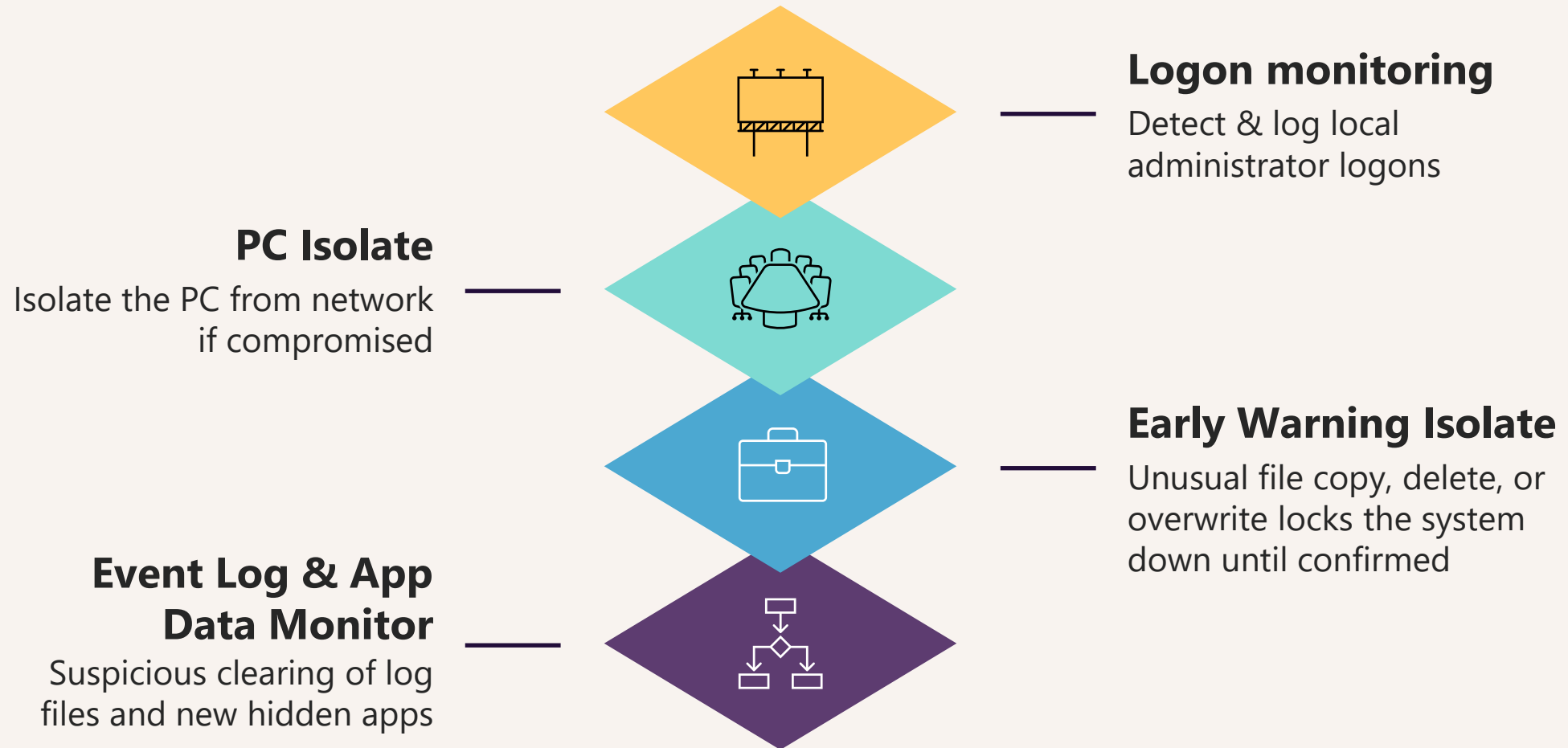
Rollout desktop protection suite



Vendor overhauls



Workstation Protection System



Insurance Questions



Ransom Payment

Ultimate get out of jail?



Exclusions

These are growing

Lost Revenue

How long Will the
Business suffer?



Notification Costs

How much is enough for
state/federal laws?



Cyberinsurance in Healthcare



78% Have cyber insurance

A horizontal bar chart with a dark blue bar representing 78% of the total. The bar is divided into two sections: a light beige section on the left and a dark blue section on the right. The dark blue section contains the text '78% Have cyber insurance'.

46% Have policy exclusions

A horizontal bar chart with a light beige bar representing 46% of the total. The bar is divided into two sections: a light beige section on the left and a light beige section on the right. The light beige section on the right contains the text '46% Have policy exclusions'.

Cyberinsurance Challenges



51%

Higher level of cybersecurity needed

45%

Policies are more complex

48%

Fewer companies now offer cyber insurance

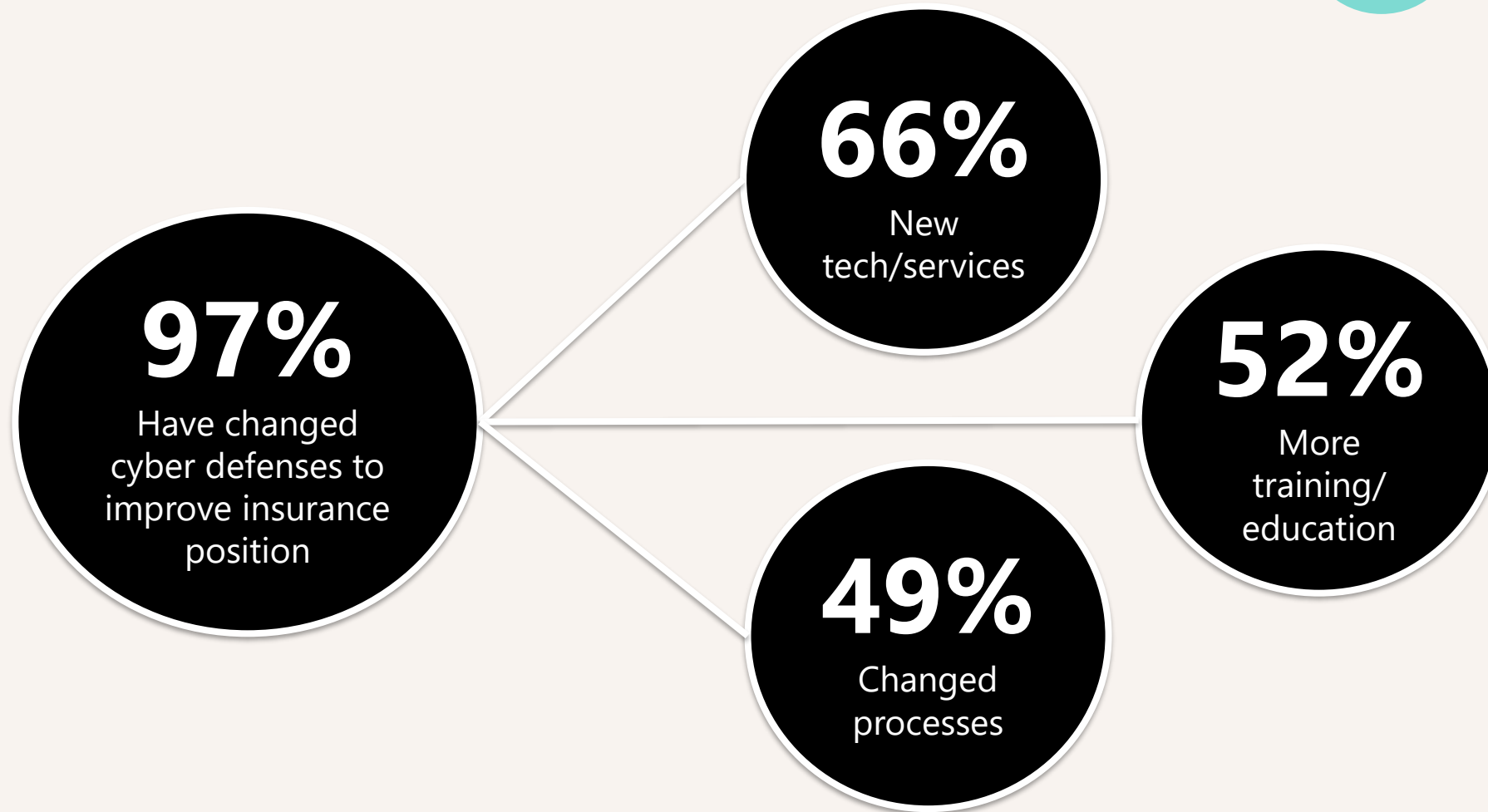
46%

The process takes longer

34%

It's more expensive

Cyberinsurance Effecting Change





04

Conclusions

kroll.com

Our Lessons Learned



01

Data exists in more places than you're presently backing up

02

Cloud to cloud backups are still necessary (& cheap)

03

You need less Admins than you have today

04

Look out for command and control applications/discovery apps

05

MFA everything – with no exceptions

06

Plan for the worst and practice if you can



**CYBERSECURITY
& INFRASTRUCTURE
SECURITY AGENCY**



cisa.gov/uscert

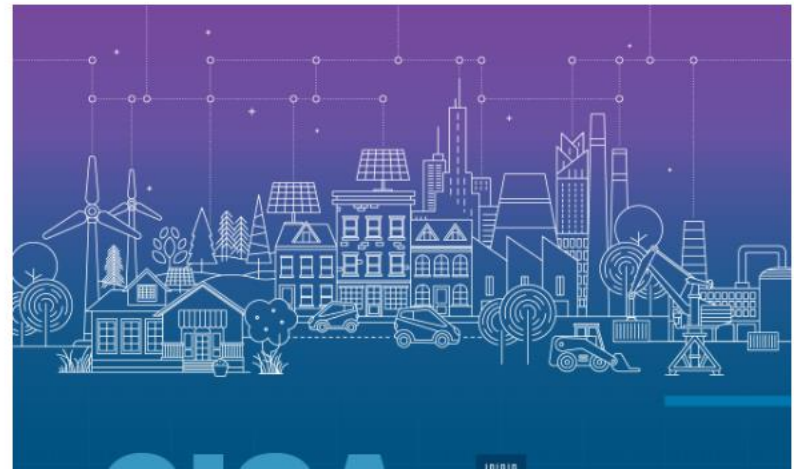
[Report Cyber Issue](#)

[Subscribe to Alerts](#)



SHIELDS UP

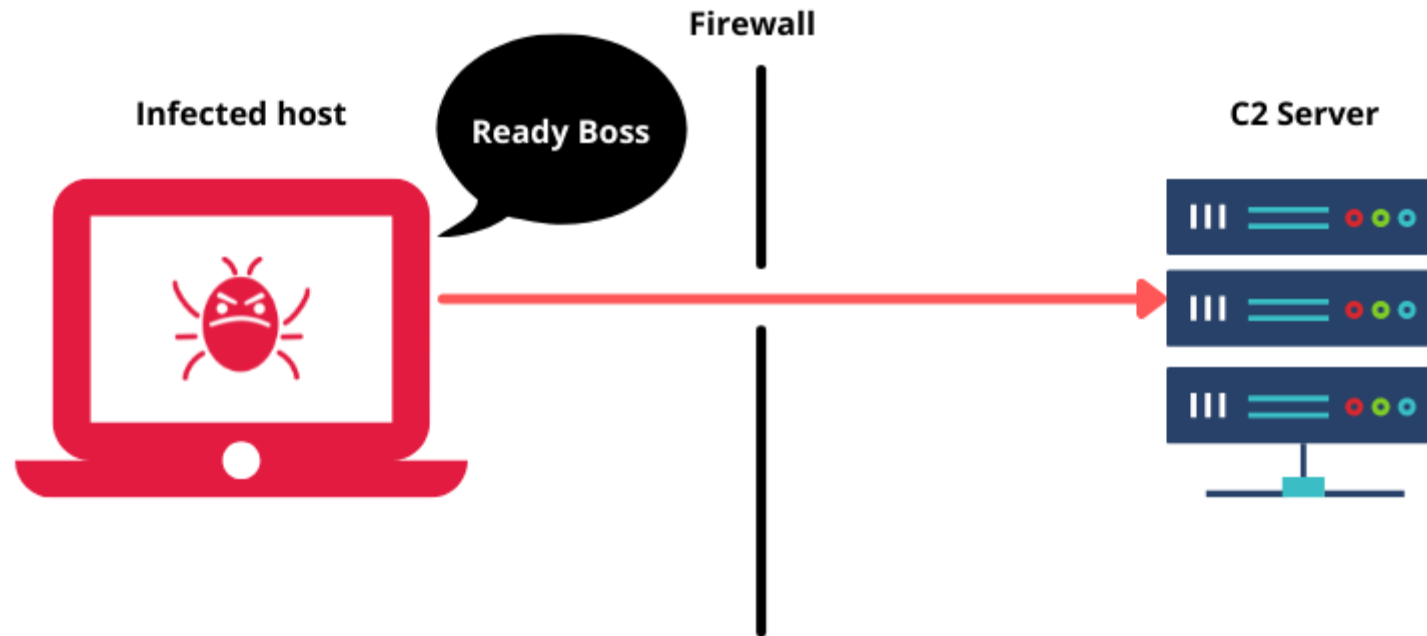
[LEARN MORE](#) →



1

TA

Threat actor



4

C2

Command and Control [server]



KEY TAKEAWAY



Thank You



(843) 432-4010



robby@hillsouth.com